Table of Contents

[Card (Card.h, Card.cpp): 2](#_Toc448433307)

[Methods: 2](#_Toc448433308)

[Deck (Deck.h, Deck.cpp): 3](#_Toc448433309)

[Methods: 3](#_Toc448433310)

[Game (Game.h, Game.cpp): 4](#_Toc448433311)

[Methods: 4](#_Toc448433312)

[GameButton (GameButton.h, GameButton.cpp): 5](#_Toc448433313)

[Methods: 5](#_Toc448433314)

[Person (Person.h, Person.cpp): 6](#_Toc448433315)

[Methods: 6](#_Toc448433316)

[Inherited: 6](#_Toc448433317)

[Player (Player.h, Player.cpp): 6](#_Toc448433318)

[Dealer (Dealer.h, Dealer.cpp): 7](#_Toc448433319)

[Resources (Resources.h, Resources.cpp): 7](#_Toc448433320)

[Methods: 7](#_Toc448433321)

[cardFortmation: 8](#_Toc448433322)

# Card (Card.h, Card.cpp):

## Methods:

Constructor –

This overloaded version of the constructor takes in a card ID, which is a value from 0 to 51. This card ID controls what card is created, the cards are in order, and in groups of 13 (13 cards in each suit). The constructor also takes in a reference to the game class

Copy Constructor –

Used the assignment operator to copy from another card, does a deep copy of all of the other card’s members. Also takes in a game reference.

getSprite() –

Returns the sprite assigned to the card. Each card has a different sprite (not to be confused with a texture, as each sprite holds a pointer to a texture, which means two identical cards will have two different sprites which point to the same texture)

generateCard (private) –

Generates the name of a card, and assigns the correct texture to its sprite. Is private, so it is only to be used within the card class.

getCardId –

Returns the ID of the card (a number from 0 to 51, the range of cards in a standard deck without jokers)

getCardNum –

Returns the Number of the card relative to its suit (0-12). Cards 2 to 9 will return their number minus 1. Ace is 0, Jack is 10, Queen is 11 and king is 12

getName –

Returns the name of the card, for example: “King of Hearts”  
This is the name that is generated in generateCard()

Assignment Operator Override –

Does a deep copy of the card class.  
Copies its sprite, but does not copy its texture.

Destructor –

Deletes the name of the card.

# Deck (Deck.h, Deck.cpp):

## Methods:

Constructor –

Sets up the deck, gives the class a game class reference.

shuffle –

Shuffles the deck by creating a copy of the deck and copying random elements from it back to the original deck.

generateMainDeck –

Generates the main deck. This deck holds all 52 cards and gets shuffled. This function also makes sure that the card texture has been rendered in the resources class.

clearDeck –

Clears the deck and deletes every card.

drawDeck –

Given the game reference, this function uses the window context in the game class to draw the cards on the screen. These cards are draw at a position (x,y) and are separated by the separation parameter.

addCard –

Creates a new card in the deck, given the CardID (value from 0 to 51)

getWidth –

Returns the drawn width of the deck given a separation. This is helpful when centering the deck.

getHeight –

Gets the draw height of the deck or the drawn height of a single card, as they are the same. Will return 0 if the deck is empty.

getSize –

Gets the size of the deck, this is the actual amount of cards that are in the deck.

calculateTotal –

Calculates the total value of a deck, counts all cards aside from aces first, then counts aces to make sure that they are valued at 1 (hard ace) when it would cause the value to be over 21 otherwise.

getCard –

Returns a pointer to a card located at a certain index in the deck.

Subscript operator overload –

Returns a pointer to a card located at a certain index in the deck. Uses the subscript operator to do so instead of function parameters.

takeFromDeck –

Takes a card from the top of another deck and adds it to the top of the deck calling the function.

Destructor –

Deletes every card in the deck.

# Game (Game.h, Game.cpp):

## Methods:

Constructor –

Sets up everything necessary for the game. The main deck, some animation variables, some buttons, some sprites, and the main players (dealer and player).  
This also calls “setupSymbolPositions()”

run –

Function that contains the main game loop.

draw –

Draw code that gets called by the main game loop.

update –

Update code that gets called by the main game loop.

setupSymbolPositions –

This function sets up data for the rendering of the cards 2 to 10. These cards have symbols on their bodies that relate to their card suit. In this function, those symbols have their positions defined so that the card generator in the resources class can render cards by knowing where their symbols are.

startGame –

Resets all the game decks (Player, Dealer and Main Deck)   
Shows the message saying that it’s “Your turn!”  
Sets game to playing so that the menu is not drawn.

endGame –

Shows the menu and stops showing buttons that do not belong to the menu.  
Still renders the previous game after this is called.

getMainDeck –

Returns a pointer to the main deck.

getWindow –

Returns a reference to the window context. Can be useful for rendering to the window outside of the game class.

startAnimation (Private) –

Starts a card animation, given a card texture, and who hit, and a position, the card will animate, and it will fly towards the deck of the person who hit.  
This animation delays the hitting of a deck until the card animation touches the deck.

startGameMessage (Private) –

Shows a message to the screen that fades in and out. While this message is being shown, the player cannot press any buttons, but cards can still be dealt.

Destructor –

Deletes all pointers in the class, this includes: the game deck, the player and dealer objects, all the game and menu buttons, the menu window/ box rectangle, the animation card, and the face down card sprite.

# GameButton (GameButton.h, GameButton.cpp):

## Methods:

Constructor –

Sets up game button and all the drawable items attached to it.  
Is given a string to be drawn over the button.

step –

Polls input. Keeps track of the mouse buttons.

draw –

Draws the button and its text to the position it was given in the constructor.

isHover –

Returns true if the mouse is hovering over the button.

isPress –

Returns true if the left mouse button was pressed within the last game step, and the mouse is hovering over the button.

isReleased –

Returns true if the left mouse button was released within the last game step, and the mouse is hovering over the button.

# Person (Person.h, Person.cpp):

## Methods:

Constructor –

Creates a deck for the person, and sets their variables to default.  
Gives the person a reference to the game class.

stand –

Sets the person as standing.

reset –

Clears the person’s deck and resets their variables to default.

isBust – bool

Returns true if the value of the person’s deck is over 21.

isStanding – bool

Returns true if the person is set to standing.

getDeck –

Returns a pointer to the deck owned by the person.

hit –

Hits, this takes a card from the main deck and places it in the person’s deck.

Destructor –

Deletes the person’s deck.

## Inherited:

Both the player and the dealer are essentially the same thing, even though they are derived, neither of them create their own methods or variables. It is just for the sake of differentiating them.

### Player (Player.h, Player.cpp):

Methods:

Constructor –

Calls the person constructor to give the game reference.

### Dealer (Dealer.h, Dealer.cpp):

Methods:

Constructor –

Calls the person constructor to give the game reference.

# Resources (Resources.h, Resources.cpp):

## Methods:

loadTexture –

Loads a texture given a file name and a texture name. The texture name is later used to search through textures.

loadTexture –

Copies a texture and gives it a texture name. The texture name is later used to search through textures.

renderCard –

Using a surface/ render texture, this function creates a card using symbols and images that were loaded in the constructor.

addToCardFormation –

Adds a position to a certain card formation, these positions are where symbols will be drawn on cards 2 – 10 (as these cards have symbols on their body)

copyCardFormation –

Copies one card formation to another, for example, card number 5 heavily resembles card number 4, so instead of redefining the positions, the positions are copied and the new ones are added.

destroy –

Deletes the singleton and sets it to nullptr.

getFont –

Returns a reference to the main game font.

findTexture –

Searches through textures and checks if their name is the same as the “textureName” argument. Returns a pointer to the texture it finds, or returns nullptr if none are found.

instance –

Creates an instance of the Resources class if one does not exist, then return a reference to this instance.  
When the instance is created, the constructor is called, the constructor loads resources that will be used by the game (textures and fonts)

Destructor –

Deletes all the texture and their associated names.

# cardFormation (Resources.h):

## Methods:

addCoords –

Adds an x and y coordinate to an instance of “cardFormation”.

# enum E\_personType:

An enum that either equals the dealer or the player, this is used for the hit animation, as the animation needs to know who hit by the end so it can add the card to its deck.

## states:

enumPlayer, enumDealer

# External documentation:

All of the classes under the “sf::” namespace are from the SFML library which call all be found here: <http://www.sfml-dev.org/documentation/2.3.2/>  
This includes:

* Sf::Texture
* Sf::Sprite
* Sf::RenderTexture
* Sf::RenderWindow
* Sf::Font
* Sf::Event
* Sf::Vector2f, sf::Vector2i
* Probably more, anything starting with sf::